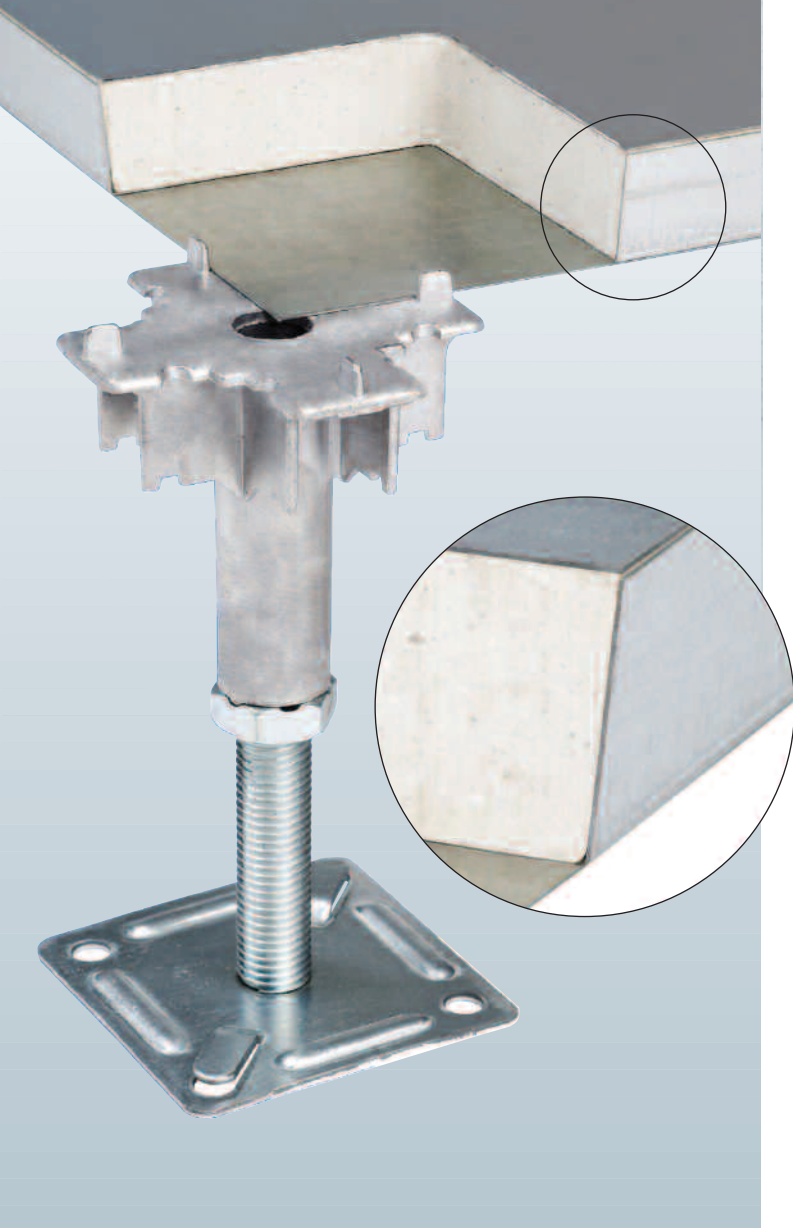


The **Burobox M0** panel is widely used in office buildings. It can be covered with textile tiles used with access flooring, free laid on site.



- **Composition**
The **Burobox M0** panel is made up as follows :
 - A mineral core, 19 to 30 mm thick.
If required, this core may be covered with galvanized steel.
- **Coverings**
The **Burobox M0** panel is available without covering.
- **Dimensions**
Standard size : 600 mm.
Special size : module 675 mm.
- **Options**
 - Bottom tray of 0.5 mm thick galvanized steel turning up the sides of the panel.
 - Top plate of 0.5 mm thick galvanized steel.
- **Fire classification**
The **Burobox M0** panel is classed M0 (SNPE reports n° 1152-03 and 12215-05).
- **Electrical resistance**
It varies from 5×10^8 to 2×10^{12} ohms, depending on the properties of the covering.
- **Acoustic**
The acoustic insulation measured between 2 adjacent rooms, separated by a densely insulated partition, varies from 49 to 54 dBA, depending on the thickness of the panel and the covering (Dn,f,w according to Standard EN ISO 140-12).

Load classes

Burobox M0

From **1 A** à **3 A** depending on thickness of the mineral and steel plates used.

NB : A system classed **1A** is a system for which the ultimate load is at least 4kN (load class 1).
The working load of this system is at least 2 kN, with a safety factor of 2, for a deflection less than 2.5 mm (deflection class A).

See tables below for the other classes.

Survey Institute : SOCOTEC CONSULTING.

Load classes according to NF EN 12825 and using safety factor = 2.0.

| Load class | Class 1 | Class 2 | Class 3 | Class 4 | Class 5 | Class 6 |
|---------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Ultimate load | >4kN | >6kN | >8kN | >9kN | >10kN | >12kN |
| Working load | >2kN | >3kN | >4kN | >4.5kN | >5kN | >6kN |

| Deflection class | Maximum deflection |
|-------------------------|--------------------|
| A (the most stringent) | 2.5 mm |
| B | 3.0 mm |
| C (the least stringent) | 4.0 mm |

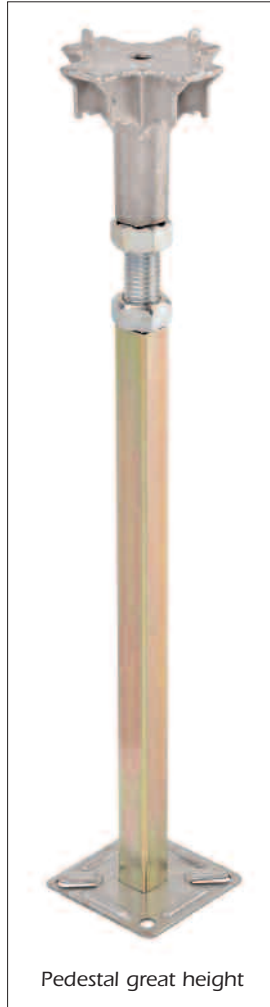
Pedestals



Standard pedestal



Pedestal low height



Pedestal great height

The pedestals are made up of :

- a square baseplate of galvanized steel.
- a steel galvanized column welded to the baseplate.
- a die-cast aluminium or steel head, according to the type of pedestal.
- a locking nut for height adjustment.

→ Standard pedestal

The head has a sufficient length to adjust the height + or - 20 mm. Ridges moulded on the head allow a positive location of the panels.

→ Pedestal for low finished height

The threaded steel head allows an adjustment of + or - 7 mm. The panels lay directly on a conductive pad. These pedestals allow a minimum finished height of 70 mm.

→ Pedestal for great finished height (more than 800 mm)

The column is a square hollow section of galvanized steel. The base, the head and the locking nut are the same as for the standard pedestal.

→ Installation

The pedestals are bonded to the concrete by way of a special adhesive, or may be mechanically fixed.

A device on the baseplate permits a quick and safe fixing of the copper earthing strap.

Stringers



Lockable stringer

→ Lockable stringers

They are made of galvanized steel . They are designed for location on pedestal heads.

The stringers provide rigidity to the understructure, and stability against lateral strain.

The depth of the section is adapted to the required performances :

- 30 mm deep : type 30/15.
- 45 mm deep : type 45/15.

→ Special stringers

When pedestals are omitted due to obstructions, i.e. electrical services, air ducting, etc., special bridging stringers may be used.

Within these particular areas, it is admitted that the deflection may be 20% more than for the rest of the raised floor.